

When E.T. comes into Windows Mobile 6

a.k.a. PoC(k)ET

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Hack.lu 2009



- 1 Context / Objectives
- 2 Technical aspects of WM6
- 3 Implementation
 - General architecture
 - Injection
 - Protection
 - Backdoor
 - Services
- 4 Demo



Context

Who am I?

- Security researcher working at Sogeti ESEC R&D lab
- Focusing on mobile security

A smartphone?

- Mobile phone → smartphone
- Various services
 - PDA, Web, camera, GPS, microphone, etc.
- Current OS :
 - Symbian, RIM OS, Windows Mobile 6, iPhone OS, Android
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Objectives

TODO list

Develop a rootkit for WM6

What is a "rootkit"?

- Post-exploitation
- Components:
 - Injection
 - Protection
 - Backdoor
 - Services

Taking into account...

- Embedded constraints / mobile environment
- Services on the table



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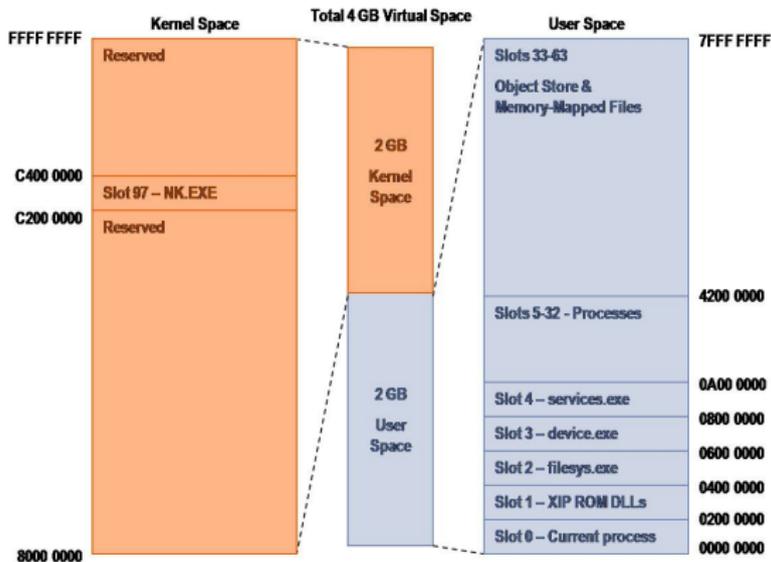
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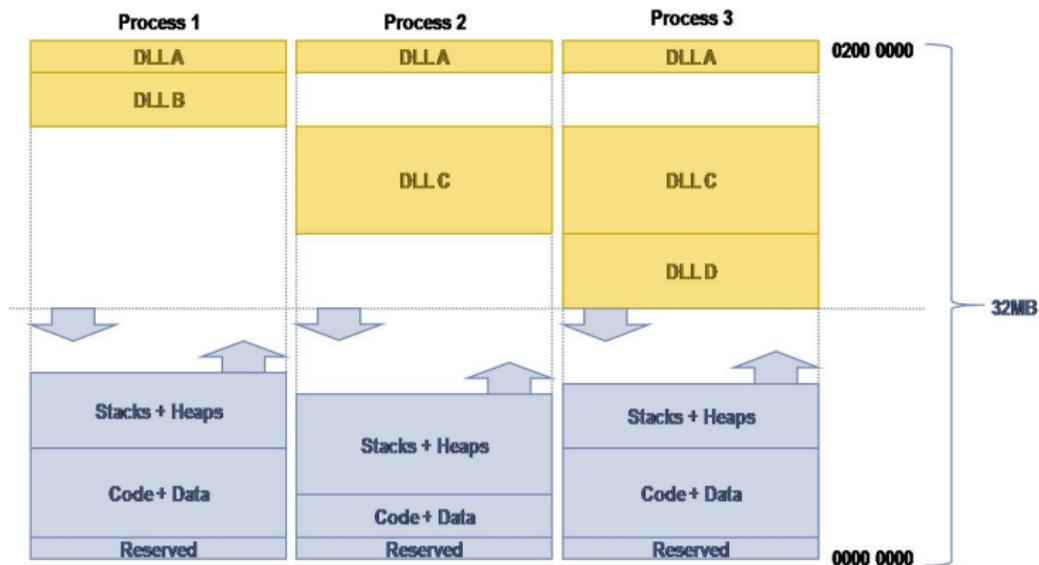
Virtual Memory Address Space



Global Virtual Memory Address Space (4GB)



Loading DLLs



Loading DLLs under Windows Mobile 6



Security policies

Where?

Registry: [HKLM\Security\Policies\Policies]

Some examples

Policy	ID	Description
Auto Run Policy	"2"	0 (allowed to run automatically), 1 (restricted)
Unsigned Applications Policy	"1006"	1 (allowed to run), 0 (not allowed to run)
Unsigned Prompt Policy	"101A"	0 (user will be prompted), 1 (user will not be prompted)
Password Required Policy	"1023"	0 (a password is required), any other (a password is not required)



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Application signing

Stores for code execution

- Privileged store: privileged execution trust authorities
- Unprivileged store: unprivileged execution trust authorities
- SPC (Software Publisher Certificates) store: trust authorities for CAB installation
 - sign DLLs, EXEs or CABs and put certificate in right store

Stores for SSL chain validation, NOTHING to do with code execution

- MY: end-user personal certificates
- CA: intermediary certification authorities certificates
- ROOT: root (self-signed) certificates

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Technical choices

Architecture

- Hide its presence from phone's user
- Expatriate information

Technical choices

- 32-process limit → Single .EXE multi-threads
- DLLs impact → limit their size
- Battery usage → limit actions when needed
- Heterogeneous environment



Technical choices

Architecture

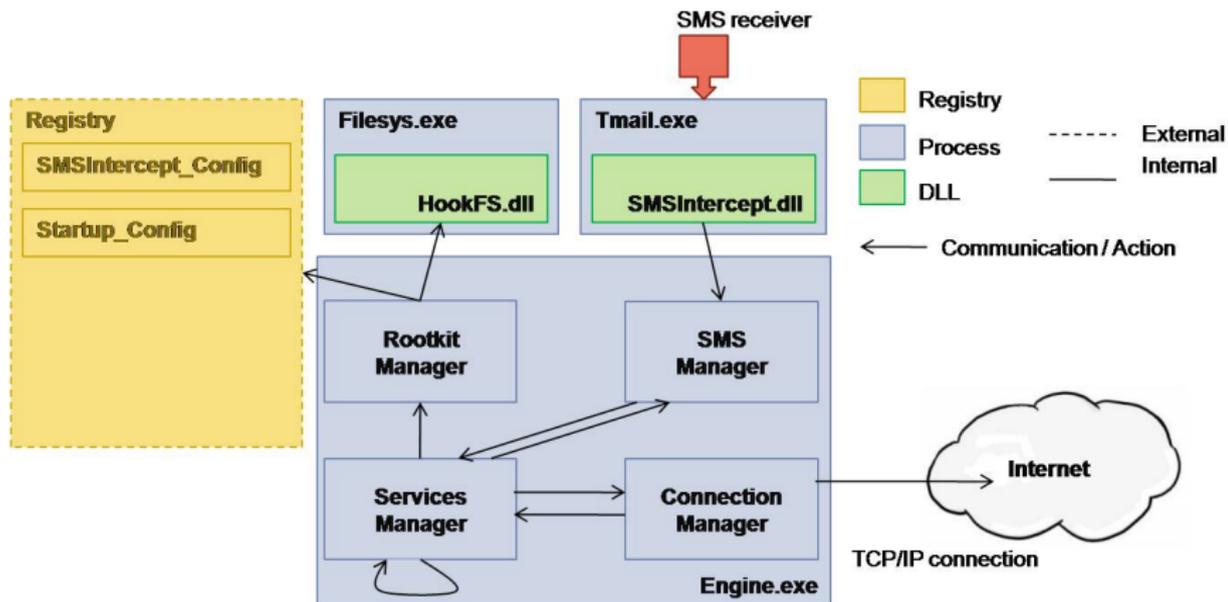
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Architecture



Rootkit general architecture

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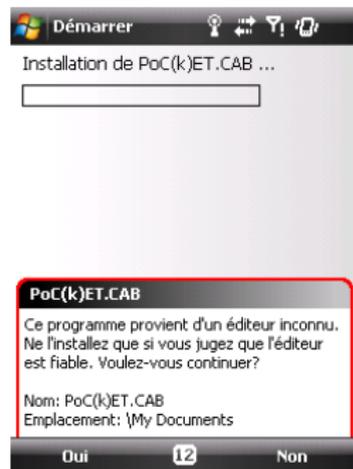
Rootkit injection

Injection methods

- Smartphone access
- Vulnerability exploit
→ Ex: MMS handler in WM2003
- WAP Push message
 - Web link
→ Ex: Etisalat operator in the United Arab Emirates (UAE) for Blackberries
 - OTA provisioning

Our context

- Smartphone access
- Unsigned CAB → Pop-up



Pop-up



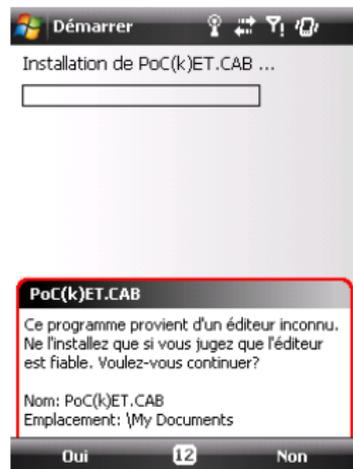
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Automatic startup for an application

Auto-start methods

- `[HKLM\Init]`
- `\Windows\Startup`
- Create a service
→ DLL loaded by `Services.exe`

Our choice

`\Windows\Startup`



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Hide unsigned apps (1/2)

By default

Necessary so we do NOT alert the phone user

First attempt

Disable the unsigned prompt policy

```
[HKLM\Security\Policies\Policies] "0000101a"=dword:1
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Result

Not good, because all external unsigned applications will run without alerting the user

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Second attempt

- Better to have our own certificate
- We can sign our binaries and put our certificate in Privileged store

Visible stores on the device

- MY, CA, ROOT
- Other stores are NOT visible

Result

Our own certificate will not be visible on the device



Visible certificate stores



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Visible certificate stores



Hide processes (1/2)

First attempt

- By default, not needed. Task Manager does NOT show them
- Apparently, it does not show processes that do not have a visible window.



WM6 TaskManager



TaskManagerCE by K. Varma (c)

Hide processes (2/2)

Second attempt

- For better results, possible to hide them a little bit more.
- Using method from Petr Matousek (2007).

Details

- No doubly-linked list here
- 32 processes are stored in a `PPROCESS` table[32];
- Function listing the processes
 - Browses this table
 - Verifies a condition on the process name to consider the slot used
 - Putting the name to `NULL` → it is NOT listed

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At first, not needed, who browse files on mobile phones?

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Hide CAB installation (1/3)



Add/Remove Programs

CAB installation management

- *[HKLM\Security\ApplInstall]*
- A key is created in it for the installed app



Hide CAB installation (1/3)



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Hide CAB installation (2/3)

First attempt

- Method taken from Airscanner Mobile Firewall
- When putting the value "Role" to 0, it disappear from the list



Airscanner Mobile
Firewall (c)



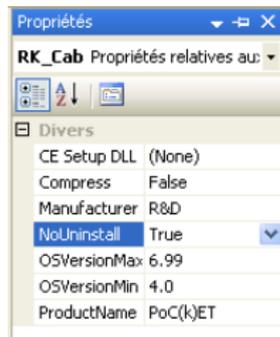
Hide CAB installation (3/3)

Second attempt

In visual studio, specify the *"NoUninstall"* option in CAB project

Result

- Do not create a key in *[HKLM\Security\ApplInstall]*
- No way to detect it in the registry



NoUninstall option



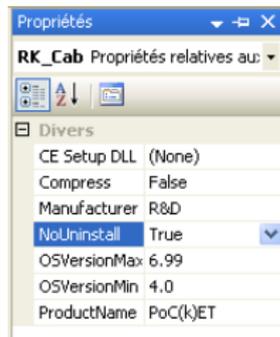
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TCP/IP communication

Means of communication

- “Data” networks: GPRS, Edge, 3G
- Wi-Fi
- ActiveSync

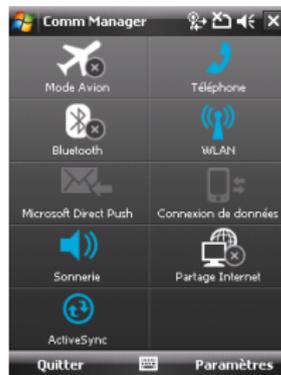
How to do it?

Phone is behind a NAT

→ A TCP/IP server on the attacker's side

Save battery life

Detect a connection → then, use it.



Communication Manager



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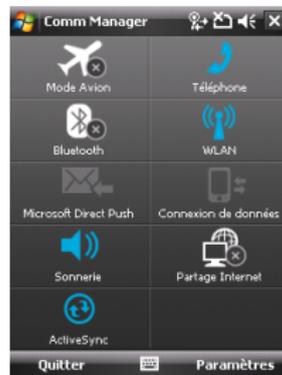
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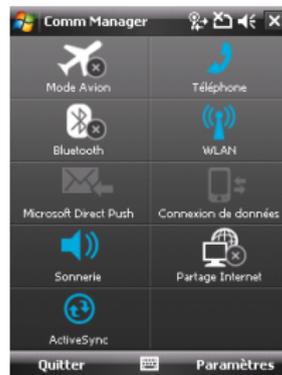
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Communication Manager



An alternative means?

Problem

How to control the device when there is no “Data” connectivity?
→ Necessary to find an alternative means of communication

SMS messages

Command SMS → intercepted

Standard COM registration	HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\<clsid>\InProcServer32 @="SMSIntercept.dll"
MAPI Inbox	HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\Software\Microsoft\Inbox\Svc\SMS\Rules <clsid>=dword:1

<clsid> represents the COM object's class ID GUID.

Registry keys defined to intercept SMS messages

Side effect

When intercepting an SMS, the phone automatically switches on.



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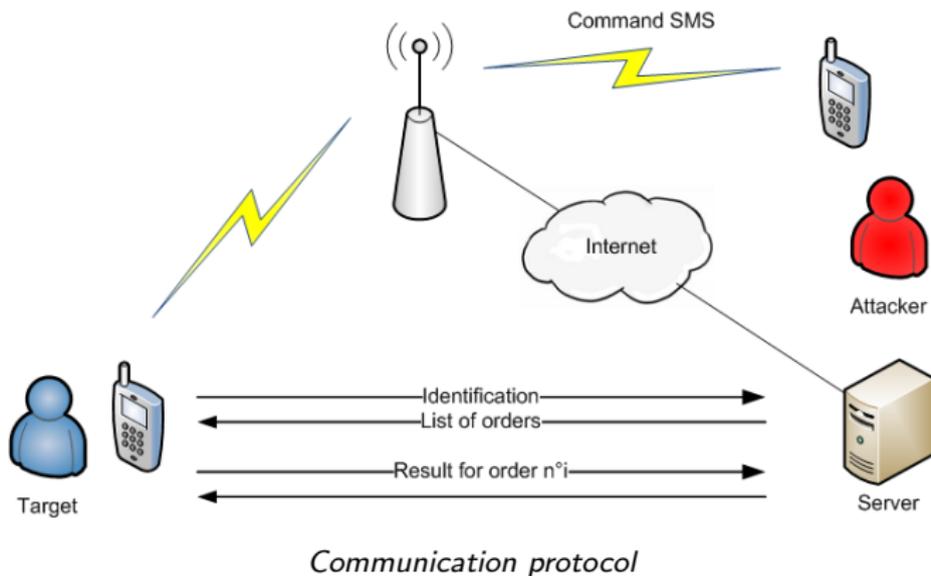
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Services

Services on the table

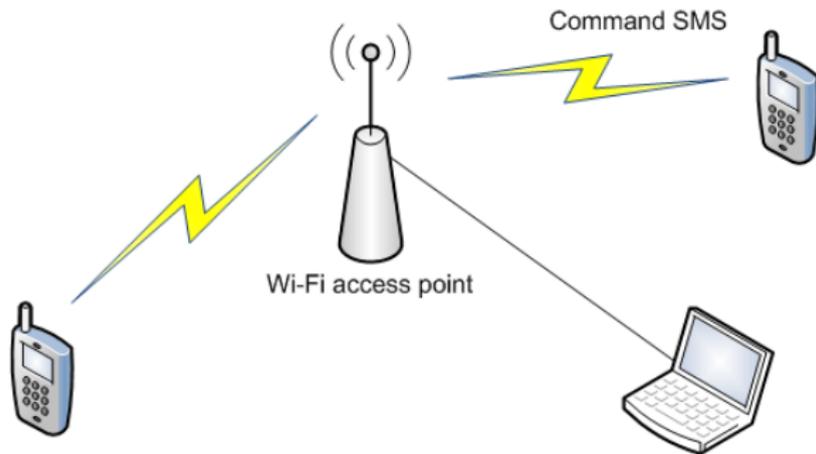
- **Contacts:** last name, first name, mobile phone
- **SMS:** delivery time, sender, content
- **E-mails:** sender, recipients, delivery time, subject, content
- **GPS:** latitude, longitude
 - Registers to the OS
 - Notification when data are available



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Demo



Conclusion

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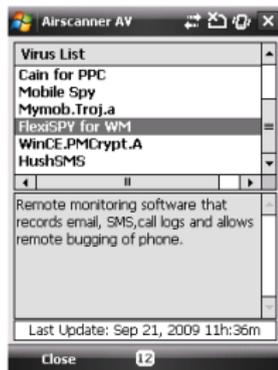
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Limits / enhancement

- DLLs, registry keys, network connections
- Compression / encryption of communications
- Services : phone-tapping, microphone, camera...

Attacker point of view

- Win32 APIs but embedded constraints
- What about the other mobile OS?



Airscanner
Antivirus



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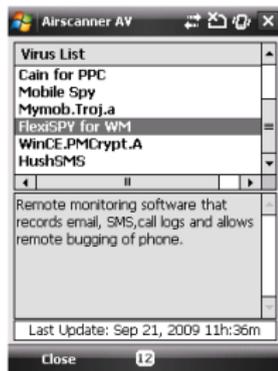
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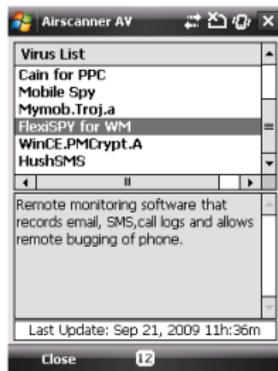
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